Thank you for purchasing the OLYMPUS Electronic Flash (FL-36). Before use, please read this instruction manual to ensure your safety, and keep it handy for future reference.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS (Be sure to read and observe the following.)

This electronic flash has been designed exclusively for use with Olympus digital cameras. Do not connect the electronic flash to a camera not manufactured by Olympus, as this may result in a malfunction or damage to the camera and/or flash.

The electronic flash incorporates high-voltage circuitry. Never attempt to disassemble or modify it, as this may result in electric shock and/or injury.

Do not use the electronic flash in a place where it may be exposed to flammable or explosive gas. Otherwise, fire ignition or explosion may result.

To prevent a traffic accident, do not direct the flash towards the driver of a car.

DANGER

Do not fire the flash or AF illuminator light immediately in front of a person’s eyes (particularly an infant). Exposure to the light from the flash at a very short range may cause irreparable injury to the eyes. Be especially careful to avoid using the electronic flash at a distance of less than 1 meter from an infant.

Do not leave the electronic flash and batteries within reach of children.

• If a child swallows a battery or small accessory, see a doctor immediately.
• If the flash is emitted near a child, their eyes may be injured irreparably.
• Moving parts of the electronic flash could injure a child.

Avoid the following actions to prevent fire or injury due to battery fluid leak, overheating, fire ignition or bursting.

• Do not use batteries that are not specified for use with this electronic flash.
• Do not throw the battery in a fire, expose it to heat, short-circuit it, or disassemble it.
• Do not mix old and new batteries, or batteries of different types or brands.
• Do not attempt to recharge non-rechargeable batteries such as alkaline batteries.
• Do not load batteries with the +/- polarity reversed.

Do not store the electronic flash in a place exposed to excessive dust or moisture. Otherwise, fire or electric shock may result.

If the electronic flash is dropped in water or any fluid gets inside, immediately remove the batteries and contact your dealer or Olympus. Continued use could result in fire or electric shock.
Do not use the following kinds of batteries.
- Outer coating (insulation) is peeling or has peeled off (even if the battery is brand new).
- The negative end is slightly swollen and is not covered by the coating (insulation).
- The negative end is flat (whether or not part of the negative pole is covered by the coating).

All rechargeable batteries must be recharged using the specified battery charger, simultaneously and completely. Be sure to read the battery and battery charger instruction manual.

BATTERY PRECAUTIONS

Use only the specified batteries. (see page 14)

- Do not mix old and new batteries, recharged and discharged batteries, batteries of different capacities, or batteries of different types or brands.
- Do not attempt to recharge non-rechargeable batteries such as alkaline batteries.
- Do not load or use the batteries with the +/– polarity reversed. If the batteries do not fit smoothly in the battery compartment, do not force them.
- Never use a battery if its outer coating (insulation) has been partially or entirely peeled off. Otherwise, leakage, overheating or explosion may result.
- Some brand-new batteries may also have their outer coating (insulation) peeled off completely or partially. Never use these batteries.

CAUTION
- If you notice any abnormalities such as leakage, discoloration, deformation, overheating, or odor, stop using this device. Continued use could result in fire, overheating or explosion. Remove the batteries carefully to avoid burning yourself and to prevent exposure to gases or dangerous fluids that may be released. For repair, contact Olympus.
- Always remove the batteries when you don’t expect to use the electronic flash for a long period. Otherwise, heat generation or fluid leak from the batteries may result in fire, injury and/or contamination of the surroundings.
- Do not use a leaking battery. Doing so could result in fire or electric shock. Please contact your dealer or Olympus.
- Do not handle the electronic flash with wet hands. Doing so could result in electric shock.
- Do not leave the electronic flash in a place where it may be exposed to high temperatures. Otherwise, deterioration of parts or fire may result.
- Do not take out the batteries immediately after using the electronic flash continuously for a long period. Otherwise, the hot batteries may cause burns.
- Do not deform the battery compartment or allow any foreign objects to get inside.

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS
- The electronic flash is composed of precision electronic parts. Absolutely avoid using or storing the electronic flash in the following places, as this may result in malfunction or failure.
  - Under direct sunlight, on a beach, etc.
  - Anywhere exposed to high temperatures and humidity or rapid fluctuations in temperature and humidity.
  - Any place exposed to excessive sand, dust or dirt.
  - Near a fire.
  - Near an air conditioner or air humidifier.
  - Any place subject to vibrations.
  - Inside an automobile.
- Do not apply a strong vibration or shock to the electronic flash by dropping it or hitting it against something.
- When the electronic flash has not been used for a long period, mold or moss may form. This can cause a malfunction. To prevent this, it is recommended to check the operations before using the electronic flash after a long period of storage.

Do not touch the electric contacts of the electronic flash to prevent malfunction.
- To prevent overheating and deterioration of the light-emitting section, do not continue full activation more than 10 times in a row. After 10 successive operations, stop firing for a while until the light-emitting section cools down.

- Do not reload or use the batteries with the +/– polarity reversed. If the batteries do not fit smoothly in the battery compartment, do not force them.
- Never use a battery if its outer coating (insulation) has been partially or entirely peeled off. Otherwise, leakage, overheating or explosion may result.
- Some brand-new batteries may also have their outer coating (insulation) peeled off completely or partially. Never use these batteries.

- Do not touch the electric contacts of the electronic flash to prevent malfunction.
- To prevent overheating and deterioration of the light-emitting section, do not continue full activation more than 10 times in a row. After 10 successive operations, stop firing for a while until the light-emitting section cools down.

- Do not attempt to recharge non-rechargeable batteries such as alkaline batteries.
- Do not load or use the batteries with the +/– polarity reversed. If the batteries do not fit smoothly in the battery compartment, do not force them.
- Never use a battery if its outer coating (insulation) has been partially or entirely peeled off. Otherwise, leakage, overheating or explosion may result.
- Some brand-new batteries may also have their outer coating (insulation) peeled off completely or partially. Never use these batteries.

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- Do not load or use the batteries with the +/– polarity reversed. If the batteries do not fit smoothly in the battery compartment, do not force them.
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- Some brand-new batteries may also have their outer coating (insulation) peeled off completely or partially. Never use these batteries.

- Use only the specified batteries. (see page 14)
- Be sure to observe the following points. Otherwise, battery fluid leak, overheating, fire ignition and/or bursting may result.
  - Do not mix old and new batteries, recharged and discharged batteries, batteries of different capacities, or batteries of different types or brands.
  - Do not attempt to recharge non-rechargeable batteries such as alkaline batteries.
  - Do not load or use the batteries with the +/– polarity reversed. If the batteries do not fit smoothly in the battery compartment, do not force them.
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- Some brand-new batteries may also have their outer coating (insulation) peeled off completely or partially. Never use these batteries.
Note on the cameras used with the Electronic Flash

- The functions available from the electronic flash are limited with certain digital cameras. For details, please check the Olympus website (http://www.olympusamerica.com/E1).

Before reading this manual
- The information in this manual may be subject to change without notice.
- This manual has been compiled as carefully as possible. However, if you have any questions or wish to report an error or omission, please contact Olympus.
- Duplication of this manual in part or in whole without permission of Olympus is prohibited except for personal use. Reproduction of the contents of this manual without permission of Olympus is strictly prohibited.
- Olympus will not assume any liability for the damages, loss of profit or claims from any third party incurred due to improper use of this product.
- Olympus will not assume any liability for the damages and loss of profit related to the loss of image data due to a failure of this product, servicing by a third party not designated by Olympus or any other reason.
- Note that the quality of the pictures shot using this product differs from that of the pictures of ordinary film-based cameras.

Trademark information

All brand names and product names mentioned in this manual are the trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.
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Checking the Package Contents

Check that all parts and accessories are present. If any item is missing or damaged, contact your dealer.

• Electronic flash, main body
• Flash case
• Batteries must be purchased separately.
NOMENCLATURE

- **Wide panel (Page 43)**
  - AF illuminator light-emitting area
  - When the subject is dark or low-contrast, the built-in AF illuminator emits light to facilitate focusing.
  - The AF illuminator can also be defeated. (Page 47)
  - The AF illuminator only works with the Olympus Four Thirds System digital SLR camera. It does not work with other cameras.

- **Light-emitting area**
- **Auto light receptor**
- **Lock pin (Page 18)**
- **Electric contact (Page 18)**

- **Lock ring (Page 18)**

- **Bounce left/right angle indices (Page 40)**
- **Bounce up/down angle indices (Page 40)**

- **Battery compartment cover (Page 15)**

- **MODE button (Pages 21 & 34)**
- **AUTO CHECK lamp (Page 22)**

- **Charge lamp/Test button (Page 16)**

- **Select dial (Page 23)**

- **ZOOM button (Page 42)**

- **Bounce lock release button (left-right direction) (Page 40)**

- **Bounce lock release button (up-down direction) (Page 40)**

- **Accessory shoe**

- **Bounce up/down angle indices (Page 40)**
- **Bounce left/right angle indices (Page 40)**

- **Light-emitting area**

- **Lock pin (Page 18)**
- **Electric contact (Page 18)**

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- **Light-emitting area**
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- **Accessory shoe**

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- **Bounce left/right angle indices (Page 40)**

- **Light-emitting area**

- **Lock pin (Page 18)**
- **Electric contact (Page 18)**
Setting display
(GN, ISO, F, light control range, optimum shooting range, and light intensity adjustment value)

• To simplify explanation, this figure shows the panel with all indicators lit.

Notes on This Manual

• The indications on the control panel may differ from those shown in the illustration above depending on the setup of the electronic flash, the camera in use, and the shooting conditions.

For example, the firing angle (ZOOM) can be displayed in either of the following modes.

1. FOUR THIRDS: Focal length of a Four Thirds System digital camera
2. 135: Focal length converted to an equivalent angle of view on a 135 type (35 mm film) camera

The text in this manual employs the FOUR THIRDS display mode and puts value in the 135 display mode inside parentheses, such as "(XX mm with 135)". For the selection of the display modes, see page 47.
LOADING BATTERIES

The batteries are available separately. Always use one of the following battery combinations.

- AA (R6) alkaline batteries (LR6 type) x 2
- AA (R6) Ni-Cd batteries x 2
- AA (R6) Ni-Mh batteries x 2
- AA (R6) Ni-Mn batteries (ZR6 type) x 2
- AA (R6) lithium batteries (FR6 type) x 2
- AA (R6) oxyride batteries (ZC6Y type) x 2
- Lithium battery pack (CR-V3 type) (Olympus LB-01) x 1
- The AA (R6) manganese batteries cannot be used.

Recommended Batteries

The flash’s charging circuitry is optimized for use with the following batteries:

- AA (R6) Ni-Mh battery
- Lithium battery pack (CR-V3 type) (Olympus LB-01)

How to load the batteries

1. Open the battery compartment cover.
2. Insert the batteries with correct +/− polarity.
3. Close the battery compartment cover.

AA (R6) batteries
CR-V3

Notes

- Do not mix old and new batteries or batteries of different types together.
- Remove the batteries when the electronic flash is not going to be used for a long period.
- Carry spare batteries when traveling or when using the flash in cold areas.
CHECKING BATTERIES

After loading the batteries, check the remaining battery capacity by turning the electronic flash on.

1. Press the Power button to turn the electronic flash on.
   - The control panel lights up and battery charging starts.

2. Ensure that the Charge lamp lights up.
   - Replace the batteries if the time taken for the Charge lamp to light up is longer than the values specified below.
     Alkaline or Ni-Mn batteries: 30 sec.
     Lithium, Ni-Cd, Oxyride or Ni-Mh batteries: 10 sec.
   - If the Charge lamp and AUTO CHECK lamp blink alternately, it means that the battery capacity is running low. In this case, replace the batteries.

   Memo: To perform test flash activation, press the Test button.

3. Press the Power button again to turn the electronic flash off.

   Turn the electronic flash off in the following cases:
   - Before mounting it on the camera or dismounting it from the camera.
   - When flash emission is not required.
   - When not using the electronic flash.

Flash Interval and Flash Count

The following table shows the flash intervals and flash counts for various batteries. Data is based on using batteries all of the same type.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Batteries used</th>
<th>Flash interval</th>
<th>Flash count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA (R6) alkaline dry cell batteries (LR6 type)</td>
<td>Approx. 7.5 sec</td>
<td>Approx. 140 times</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA (R6) Ni-Cd batteries (P3SPS type, 1000 mAh)</td>
<td>Approx. 6.5 sec</td>
<td>Approx. 100 times</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA (R6) Ni-Mh batteries (HR-3SPS type, 2230 mAh)</td>
<td>Approx. 5.5 sec</td>
<td>Approx. 200 times</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA (R6) Oxyride batteries (ZR6Y type)</td>
<td>Approx. 6.5 sec</td>
<td>Approx. 140 times</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA (R6) lithium batteries (FR6 type)</td>
<td>Approx. 7.5 sec</td>
<td>Approx. 260 times</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CR-V3 lithium battery packs (Olympus LB-01)</td>
<td>Approx. 6.5 sec</td>
<td>Approx. 320 times</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The flash emission interval and count data were obtained from in-house tests at Olympus.
ATTACHING TO THE CAMERA/REMOVING FROM THE CAMERA

Confirm that both the camera and electronic flash are off.

Attaching or removing the electronic flash while either the flash or the camera is on may result in malfunction.

How to attach

1. Place the light-emitting section in the standard position (horizontal, front). If it is in the locked position, press and turn the Bounce lock release button.
2. Remove the hot shoe cover from the camera.
   • Store the hot shoe cover in the pocket located on the inner side of the flash case.
3. Loosen the lock ring.
   • If the lock pin is in the out position, press it in by turning it all the way in the opposite direction to [→LOCK] until it stops.
   • Do not apply excessive force to the lock pin.
   • Do not touch the electric contact with a finger or metallic object.
   • Do not attach the electronic flash while the lock pin is in the out position. Otherwise, malfunction may result.
4. Slide the electronic flash all the way into the hot shoe until it stops with a click.
5. Turn the lock ring all the way into the direction of [→LOCK] until it stops.

How to remove

1. Loosen the lock ring completely, then slide the electronic flash out of the hot shoe.
2. Attach the hot shoe cover to the camera.

Notes

To use the electronic flash with a digital camera not equipped with hot shoe:

- If the camera has an external flash terminal, the electronic flash can be attached and connected using the flash bracket and bracket cable (optional).
- The electronic flash cannot be used with a camera that is not equipped with a hot shoe or external flash terminal.
PICTURE SHOOTING USING A DIGITAL CAMERA WITH COMMUNICATION CAPABILITY

<Selecting the control mode>

1. Turn the camera on.
2. Turn the electronic flash on. The batteries are recharged when the Charge lamp lights up.
3. Press the Shutter button of the camera gently to start communication of shooting information including ISO speed, lens iris and shutter speed between the camera and electronic flash.
4. Press the MODE button of the electronic flash to select the flash control mode.
   • The selected flash control mode is shown in the control panel.
   • The mode is switched every time the MODE button is pressed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flash control mode</th>
<th>Control panel display</th>
<th>Control operation</th>
<th>Main application</th>
<th>Ref. Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TTL AUTO</td>
<td>TTL AUTO</td>
<td>Flash is controlled automatically by performing pre-flash according to the camera setup.</td>
<td>Usually use this mode with a camera with communication capability.</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUTO</td>
<td>AUTO</td>
<td>Flash light intensity is controlled according to the light detected through the auto light receptor of the flash and to the camera setup.</td>
<td>If the camera has communication capability, this mode can be used only when the camera is an AUTO-compatible model.</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MANUAL</td>
<td>MANUAL</td>
<td>Flash is performed according to the manually set guide number (GN).</td>
<td>Shooting using manual flash.</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FP, TTL AUTO</td>
<td>FP, TTL AUTO</td>
<td>TTL AUTO and MANUAL modes with Super FP emission that can synchronize with the high-speed shooting of the single-lens reflex focal plane shutter.</td>
<td>Outdoor shooting using flash, such as sync shooting in the daytime.</td>
<td>29 &amp; 32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FP, MANUAL</td>
<td>FP, MANUAL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes
• Certain modes may be unavailable depending on the shooting mode set on the camera and the functions of the camera in use.
• It is not possible to select an unavailable mode.
The light intensity adjustment must be set to ON in the custom setup operation (page 47).

1. The indicator appears in the control panel.

2. Turn the select dial to choose a light intensity adjustment value.

   -0.3  
   -0.7  
   -1.0  
   -3.0  
   0   
   +0.3  
   +0.7  
   +1.0  
   +3.0

3. The display shows the light intensity adjustment value except when the value is 0. In this case, the displayed light control range corresponds to an adjustment value of 0.

4. If the camera’s flash adjustment mode is selected, the actual flash light intensity will be the total of the light intensity adjustment value set on the FL-36 and that set on the camera. The light intensity adjustment value displayed is that of the FL-36 only.

   [Example]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Selected adjustment value</th>
<th>Adjustment value displayed on FL-36</th>
<th>Actual light intensity adjustment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FL-36</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td>+0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camera</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Light control range

1. The control panel shows the light control range according to the camera setup.

2. Confirm that the distance to the subject is within the light control range.

3. When flash activation has been performed correctly, the AUTO CHECK lamp blinks for about 5 seconds after the shutter is released.

Light intensity adjustment

The flash light intensity can be adjusted between +3 and –3.

1. Turn the select dial to choose a light intensity adjustment value.

   0 → +0.3 → +0.7 → +1.0 → +3.0
   0 → –0.3 → –0.7 → –1.0 → –3.0

2. The display shows the light intensity adjustment value except when the value is 0. In this case, the displayed light control range corresponds to an adjustment value of 0.

3. If the camera’s flash adjustment mode is selected, the actual flash light intensity will be the total of the light intensity adjustment value set on the FL-36 and that set on the camera. The light intensity adjustment value displayed is that of the FL-36 only.

   [Example]

<table>
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<th>Adjustment value displayed on FL-36</th>
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<td>+0.3</td>
<td>+0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camera</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In this mode, the flash light intensity is controlled automatically according to the lens iris (F) setting and the amount of light input to the auto light receptor.

1. The control panel shows the light control range according to the camera setup. The light control range is not displayed if the camera setup (ISO speed and lens iris (F)) does not match one of the usable ISO speed/lens iris (F) combinations. In this case, the ISO and F indicators blink to alert you. Change the camera setup (ISO speed and/or lens iris (F)). (See page 55.)

2. Confirm that the distance to the subject is within the light control range. If not, adjust the lens iris (F) or the subject distance. The light control range varies according to the camera setup (ISO speed, lens iris (F) and lens focal length (ZOOM)).

3. When flash activation has been performed correctly, the AUTO CHECK lamp blinks for about 5 seconds after the shutter is released.

**Memo:**

Test flash activation

Flash activation can be tested before actually releasing the shutter. Press the Test button for test flash activation. The light control is OK when the AUTO CHECK lamp blinks for about 5 seconds after the test flash activation. If the lamp does not blink, change the lens iris (F), ISO speed, subject distance, etc.

* The light check by means of test flash activation is possible only in the AUTO mode.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ISO speed</th>
<th>3200</th>
<th>1600</th>
<th>800</th>
<th>400</th>
<th>200</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>50</th>
<th>25</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F8</td>
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<td>F8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The light intensity adjustment must be set to ON in the custom setup operation (page 47).

1. Turn the select dial to choose a light intensity adjustment value.

-0.3 → 0.3 → 0.7 → 1.0 → 3.0

2. The display shows the light intensity adjustment value except when the value is 0. In this case, the displayed light control range corresponds to an adjustment value of 0.

3. If the camera’s flash adjustment mode is selected, the actual flash light intensity will be the total of the light intensity adjustment value set on the FL-36 and that set on the camera. The light intensity adjustment value displayed is that of the FL-36 only.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Adjusted Light Intensity Adjustment</th>
<th>Manual Light Intensity Adjustment shown on FL-36</th>
<th>Actual Light Intensity Adjustment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FL-36 +0.3</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td>+0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camera +0.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example:

Light intensity adjustment value

Selected adjustment value

Manual indicator

MANUAL indicator

In this mode, the flash is emitted according to the guide number (GN) setting.

1. The control panel shows the current guide number (GN) together with the optimum shooting distance according to the camera setup.

2. Turn the select dial to set the guide number (GN).

Set the guide number (GN) so that the optimum shooting distance is equal to the subject distance.

When the optimum shooting distance is 0.6 m (0.5 m in case of close-up flash) or less, the displayed figure blinks to warn that the subject is located outside the flash light emission area.

Optimum shooting distance varies according to the camera settings (ISO speed, lens iris (F) and lens focal distance (ZOOM)). See page 52 for details.

Memo: Assuming that the ISO speed is 100, the optimum shooting distance can be calculated with the following formula.

Optimum shooting distance = Guide number (GN)/Lens iris (F)

(See page 54.)
The light intensity adjustment must be set to ON in the custom setup operation (page 47).
• The [0] indicator appears in the control panel.

1. Turn the select dial to choose a light intensity adjustment value.
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Displayed Guide Number (GN)</th>
<th>Optimum Shooting Distance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+0.7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>–0.3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>–0.7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. The display shows the light intensity adjustment value except when the value is 0. In this case, the displayed guide number (GN) and optimum shooting distance correspond to an adjustment value of 0.

3. Even if the camera’s flash adjustment mode is selected, only the FL-36’s adjustment setting will work. The camera’s setting will not work.

Example:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Selected adjustment value</th>
<th>Adjustment value displayed on FL-36</th>
<th>Actual light intensity adjustment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FL-36</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camera</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<FP TTL AUTO>

• In this mode, the flash uses Super FP emission to synchronize with high shutter speeds.
• For details on using the camera’s built-in flash, see “Various Flash Shooting Methods” on page 45.

The following operations are possible at high shutter speeds in this mode.
• Attenuation of shades when shooting a picture against the light.
• Outdoor portrait shooting using daytime sync shooting with the lens iris opened up to blur the background.
Selected adjustment value
Adjustment value displayed on FL-36
Actual light intensity adjustment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Selected adjustment value</th>
<th>Adjustment value displayed on FL-36</th>
<th>Actual light intensity adjustment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FL-36</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td>+0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camera</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The light intensity adjustment must be set to ON in the custom setup operation (page 47).

1. Turn the select dial to choose a light intensity adjustment value.
2. The display shows the light intensity adjustment value except when the value is 0. In this case, the displayed guide number (GN) and optimum shooting distance correspond to an adjustment value of 0.
3. Even if the camera’s flash adjustment mode is selected, only the FL-36’s adjustment setting will work. The camera’s setting will not work.

### Memo

The optimum shooting distance can be calculated with the following formula:

\[
\text{Optimum shooting distance} = \frac{\text{Guide number (GN)}}{\text{Lens iris (F)}}
\]

[Example]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Selected adjustment value</th>
<th>Adjustment value displayed on FL-36</th>
<th>Actual light intensity adjustment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FL-36</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camera</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
<td>+0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PICTURE SHOOTING USING A DIGITAL CAMERA WITHOUT COMMUNICATION CAPABILITY

<Selecting the control mode>

1. Turn the electronic flash on. The batteries are recharged when the Charge lamp lights up.

2. Press the MODE button to select the flash control mode.
   • The selected mode is shown in the control panel.
   • The mode is switched every time the MODE button is pressed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flash control mode</th>
<th>Control panel display</th>
<th>Control operation</th>
<th>Main application</th>
<th>Ref. Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AUTO</td>
<td>AUTO</td>
<td>Flash light intensity is controlled according to the light detected through the auto light receptor of the flash and to the lens iris (F).</td>
<td>Usually use this mode.</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MANUAL</td>
<td>MANUAL</td>
<td>Flash activation is performed according to the manually set guide number (GN).</td>
<td>Shooting using manual flash</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In this mode, the flash light intensity is controlled automatically according to the lens iris (F) setting.

1. Adjust Zoom according to the focal length of the lens.
2. While keeping the MODE button pressed, turn the select dial within 2 seconds to set the ISO speed. Note: If the MODE button is kept pressed for more than 2 seconds, the flash mode changes to the Custom Setup mode (see page 47).
3. Turn the select dial according to the lens iris (F). If the camera setup (ISO speed and lens iris (F)) does not match one of the usable ISO speed/lens iris (F) combinations, the ISO and F indicators blink to alert you. In this case, change the camera setup (ISO speed and/or lens iris (F)).
4. When flash activation has been performed correctly, the AUTO CHECK lamp blinks for about 5 seconds after the shutter is released.

Memo: By selecting an ISO speed and lens iris (F) different from those set on the camera, the light intensity can be adjusted in 1/3 steps.

Memo: Test flash activation
Flash activation can be tested before actually releasing the shutter. Press the Test button for test flash activation. The light control is OK when the AUTO CHECK lamp blinks for about 5 seconds after the test flash activation.
If the lamp does not blink, change the lens iris (F), ISO speed, subject distance, etc.
• The light check by means of test flash activation is possible only in the AUTO mode.
1. The control panel shows the current guide number (GN).

2. Adjust the MZOOM indicator according to the focal length of the lens.

3. Turn the select dial to set the guide number (GN).

In this mode, the flash is emitted according to the guide number (GN) setting.

In the Custom Setup mode, the flash intensity can be displayed in a light intensity ratio instead of the guide number (see page 49). Light intensity ratio: Ratio of emitted light intensity with respect to the intensity at full emission.

The displayed nearer value is 0.6 or more when the light emission section faces the front and 0.5 or more when it faces downward.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ISO speed</th>
<th>AUTO light control range (m)</th>
<th>Firing angle (mm)</th>
<th>Upper row: FOUR THIRDS</th>
<th>Lower row: 135</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>0.8 - 8.6</td>
<td>0.6 - 8.6</td>
<td>0.5 - 8.6</td>
<td>0.5 - 8.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>0.5 - 6.4</td>
<td>0.4 - 6.4</td>
<td>0.3 - 6.4</td>
<td>0.3 - 6.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400</td>
<td>0.3 - 5.3</td>
<td>0.2 - 5.3</td>
<td>0.1 - 5.3</td>
<td>0.1 - 5.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>800</td>
<td>0.2 - 4.3</td>
<td>0.1 - 4.3</td>
<td>0.0 - 4.3</td>
<td>0.0 - 4.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1600</td>
<td>0.1 - 2.8</td>
<td>0.1 - 2.8</td>
<td>0.0 - 2.8</td>
<td>0.0 - 2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3200</td>
<td>0.0 - 1.8</td>
<td>0.0 - 1.8</td>
<td>0.0 - 1.8</td>
<td>0.0 - 1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6400</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.8</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.8</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.8</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12800</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.6</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.6</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.6</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25600</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.5</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.5</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.5</td>
<td>0.0 - 0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above table shows the light control ranges in the off-flash condition.
How to determine the lens iris (F), guide number (GN) and shooting distance

1. When the shooting distance and lens iris are already determined:
   Determine the guide number (GN) with the following formula and set the GN on the FL-36.
   \[
   \text{Guide number (GN)} = \frac{\text{Lens iris (F)} \times \text{Shooting distance (m)}}{\text{ISO speed coefficient}}
   \]

2. When it is necessary to determine the lens iris (F):
   Determine the lens iris (F) with the following formula and set F on the FL-36.
   \[
   \text{Lens iris (F)} = \frac{\text{Guide number (GN)} \times \text{ISO speed coefficient}}{\text{Shooting distance (m)}}
   \]

3. When it is necessary to determine the optimum shooting distance:
   \[
   \text{Optimum shooting distance (m)} = \frac{\text{Guide number (GN)} \times \text{ISO speed coefficient}}{\text{Lens iris (F)}}
   \]

ISO speeds and their coefficients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ISO speed</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>50</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>200</th>
<th>400</th>
<th>800</th>
<th>1600</th>
<th>3200</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coefficient</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.71</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>5.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See page 52 for the guide number list.

**OTHER OPERATIONS**

**Bounce Shooting**

Bounce shooting refers to a method in which the light from the flash is bounced off the ceiling or walls. This allows the light to go all around the subject, resulting in a soft picture without harsh contrast or shadow.
1. While keeping the Bounce lock button pressed, tilt the flash down (7°).

2. The close-up flash indicator lights in the control panel.

The flash activation area is inaccurate when the subject distance is between 0.5 and 1.0 m. In this case, tilt the flash down.

1. While holding the Bounce lock release button, revolve the light-emitting section in the up-down and left-right directions. The light-emitting section can be revolved in the range shown in the figure on the left.

Down: 7°
(See “Close-up Flash” on page 41.)

If the position of the light-emitting section is locked, press and hold the Bounce lock release button and then change the position.

- The light control range and optimum shooting distance are not displayed in the control panel.
- The color of the surface (ceiling and/or walls) off which the light is bounced will affect the pictures you take. Whenever possible, bounce the light off a neutral surface.
- When the firing angle adjustment is automatic (ZOOM), the ZOOM display on the control panel shows “- -” and the firing angle is set to 25 mm (50 mm with 135 type).
- When the firing angle adjustment is based on manual switching (M ZOOM), the firing angle can be varied manually (see page 42).

- The recommended range for this flash is 0.5 to 1.0 m.
- The available shooting range is displayed on the control panel. The maximum shooting distance is 2.5 m.
- The flash light may be blocked when the lens is long or large in diameter. Be sure to perform test shooting.
- Do not tilt the flash down in normal shooting. This will darken the upper part of the image.
1. When the lens focal length is shorter than 12 mm (24 mm with the 135 type), the wide panel warming indicator lights in the control panel. (This does not occur if the camera is not equipped with communication capability.)

2. Slide out the wide panel and place it on the light-emitting area. • The wide panel indicator lights in the control panel.

Using the Wide Panel

Use the built-in wide panel in flash shooting when the lens focal length is set to a wider position than 12 mm.

1. Press the ZOOM button to adjust the firing angle. • The M ZOOM indicator lights in the control panel. • The firing angle can be set to one of 12, 14, 17, 25, 35 and 42 mm (24, 28, 35, 50, 70 and 85 mm with 135 type). Each press of the ZOOM button switches the firing angle as follows. • The ZOOM indicator lights in AUTO ZOOM mode.

   ![ZOOM chart]

When the wide panel is used: (see page 43)

   ![Wide panel chart]

• AUTO ZOOM can be selected only when the camera in use is equipped with the communication capability.

**Note**

Selecting a ZOOM value larger than your lens’s focal length will darken the peripheral areas of the image.

Manual Switching of Firing angle (ZOOM)

The firing angle can be adjusted manually.

1. Press the ZOOM button to adjust the firing angle.
   • The M ZOOM indicator lights in the control panel.
   • The firing angle can be set to one of 12, 14, 17, 25, 35 and 42 mm (24, 28, 35, 50, 70 and 85 mm with 135 type). Each press of the ZOOM button switches the firing angle as follows.
   • The ZOOM indicator lights in AUTO ZOOM mode.

   ![ZOOM chart]

When the wide panel is used: (see page 43)

   ![Wide panel chart]

• AUTO ZOOM can be selected only when the camera in use is equipped with the communication capability.

**Note**

Selecting a ZOOM value larger than your lens’s focal length will darken the peripheral areas of the image.
The following flash shooting methods are possible according to the camera setup.

• Some flash shooting methods may be unavailable depending on the function and design of the camera.
• For details on operating procedure, refer to the instruction manual for your camera.

### Various Flash Shooting Methods

1. **Red eye-reduction flash**
   - Reduces the appearance of red eyes due to flash emission.

2. **Slow sync**
   - The flash is emitted with slow shutter.
   - This makes it possible to take clear pictures of subjects against a night background.

3. **Press the ZOOM button to select the firing angle from 8 mm and 10 mm (16 mm and 20 mm with the 135 type).**

• When the wide panel is used, the actual guide number (GN) will be lower than set. In the TTL AUTO, AUTO and FP TTL AUTO modes, this results in a reduction of the available shooting range. In the MANUAL and FP MANUAL modes, this results in a reduction of the optimum shooting range.
• Be sure to store the wide panel again after shooting.
• To prevent damage to the wide panel, do not flip it in the upward direction.
• If the wide panel is damaged when it is slid out, the ZOOM button will no longer be operable. If that happens, disable the wide panel switch to restore operability (page 47).
3. Background screen sync

Slow shutter is used and the flash is emitted immediately before the end of exposure period. This makes it possible to take pictures of moving objects such as car taillights with a streaming effect.

4. Combination with camera's built-in flash

When the camera in use has a built-in flash, it can be used simultaneously with the electronic flash.
- Advanced shooting techniques are possible. For example, you can bounce the light from the electronic flash off the wall or ceiling while using the camera’s built-in flash for a catch-light effect.
- With certain camera models, the built-in flash may be disabled when the electronic flash is mounted on the camera’s hot shoe.

**Note**
The electronic flash control mode should be set to TTL AUTO or FP TTL AUTO.
**Setup mode**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode display</th>
<th>Value display</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Default</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dial A</td>
<td>Dial B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Wide panel</strong> switch disabling**</td>
<td><strong>on</strong></td>
<td>The wide panel switch is activated. Use this setting to detect that the wide panel has been slid out.</td>
<td>on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flash cable</strong></td>
<td>on</td>
<td>Use this setting when not using the flash cable (clipping on to the hot shoe).</td>
<td>on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Firing angle (ZOOM) display</strong></td>
<td>on</td>
<td>Firing angle (ZOOM) is displayed in terms of the lens focal length of a FOURTHIRDS digital camera.</td>
<td>on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Distance display unit</strong></td>
<td>m</td>
<td>Distance is displayed in meters.</td>
<td>m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Light intensity adjustment</strong></td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>Light intensity cannot be adjusted.</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ALL RESET

- Press the MODE and LIGHT buttons simultaneously for 2 or more seconds to reset the custom setups (except for the distance display unit (m/ft)) to the default settings.
- The distance display unit (m/ft) is not altered by the all reset operation.

CONTINUOUS FIRING

Continuous firings make the light-emitting section hot and may cause it to deteriorate or malfunction. Therefore, continuous firing should be limited to the counts shown in the following table. Always leave the electronic flash unused for at least 10 minutes after continuous firing up to the limit count.

Limit counts of continuous firings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flash control mode</th>
<th>Light intensity ratio</th>
<th>Flash interval</th>
<th>Limit count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TTL AUTO</td>
<td>1/1</td>
<td>6 sec.</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUTO</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>3 sec.</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MANUAL</td>
<td>1/4</td>
<td>3 sec.</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FP AUTO</td>
<td>1/8 to 1/128</td>
<td>0.5 sec. or less</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FP MANUAL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### GUIDE NUMBER (GN) LIST

**TTL AUTO/AUTO**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ZOOM (mm)</th>
<th>FOUR THIRDS</th>
<th>8</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>14</th>
<th>17</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>35</th>
<th>42</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>With 135</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>85</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TTL AUTO/AUTO</td>
<td>Full emission</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ISO100, m**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ZOOM (mm)</th>
<th>MANUAL</th>
<th>ISO100, m</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FOUR THIRDS</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With 135</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/1</td>
<td>12.6</td>
<td>14.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>9.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/4</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>7.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/8</td>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>4.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/16</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>3.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/32</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/64</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/128</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**• MANUAL**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ZOOM (mm)</th>
<th>Light intensity ratio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/125</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/160</td>
<td>14.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/250</td>
<td>20.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/500</td>
<td>28.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/1000</td>
<td>32.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/2000</td>
<td>36.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/4000</td>
<td>63.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/8000</td>
<td>93.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**• FP TTL AUTO**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ZOOM (mm)</th>
<th>FOUR THIRDS</th>
<th>8</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>14</th>
<th>17</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>35</th>
<th>42</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>With 135</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>85</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/125</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>9.9</td>
<td>14.1</td>
<td>15.6</td>
<td>17.0</td>
<td>19.8</td>
<td>22.6</td>
<td>25.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/160</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>8.6</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>13.8</td>
<td>15.9</td>
<td>17.5</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>22.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/250</td>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>12.3</td>
<td>13.4</td>
<td>15.7</td>
<td>17.9</td>
<td>20.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/500</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>11.0</td>
<td>12.0</td>
<td>14.0</td>
<td>16.0</td>
<td>18.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/1000</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>9.7</td>
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**FP MANUAL**

The following guide number (GN) figures have a 1/1 light intensity ratio.

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</table>

Shutter speed

The guide numbers (GN) for light intensity ratios other than 1/1 in the FP MANUAL mode can be calculated with the following formula.

Guide number (GN) = Guide number at 1/1 x Light intensity ratio coefficient

Light intensity ratios and their coefficients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Light intensity ratio</th>
<th>1/1</th>
<th>1/2</th>
<th>1/4</th>
<th>1/8</th>
<th>1/16</th>
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<td>0.71</td>
<td>0.5</td>
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### Warning details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning details</th>
<th>Control panel display</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
<th>Ref. Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Downward bounce in all modes</td>
<td></td>
<td>The light-emitting section is set at 7° downward. Cancel this setting except for close-up flash photography.</td>
<td>P. 41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wide panel warning in all modes</td>
<td></td>
<td>The wide panel is set. Pay attention to the distance to the subject since a lower guide number (GN) is selected.</td>
<td>P. 43</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Digital camera without communication capability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning details</th>
<th>Control panel display</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
<th>Ref. Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Downward bounce in all modes</td>
<td></td>
<td>The light-emitting section is set at 7° downward. Cancel this setting except for close-up flash photography.</td>
<td>P. 41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wide panel warning in all modes</td>
<td></td>
<td>The wide panel is set. Pay attention to the distance to the subject since a lower guide number (GN) is selected.</td>
<td>P. 43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out of light control range in AUTO mode</td>
<td></td>
<td>Change the camera's ISO speed or lens iris (F) setting.</td>
<td>P. 35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Q&A

Q: Why doesn’t the control mode change when I press the MODE button?
A: When the electronic flash is connected to certain types of communication-capable camera, the flash control mode can only be controlled from the camera.

Q: When are test flash activation and auto checking effective?
A: Checking the optimum flash activation based on the AUTO CHECK lamp is particularly effective in bounce flash (in AUTO modes only).

Q: What will happen if the electronic flash is activated simultaneously with the camera’s built-in flash?
A: In the TTL mode, both flashes emit light simultaneously and the optimum exposure is determined according to the combined total light intensity (provided that the camera is in the P or A shooting mode). In bounce flash photography, the camera’s built-in flash can also be used for catch-light photography (see page 46).

Q: What is the recommended white balance setting for the camera when using the flash?
A: The auto white balance mode is recommended. If you use the manual white balance mode, set the color temperature to 5500K. Note that the color temperature varies depending on the flash shooting conditions.

Q: The light control range is not displayed on the control panel. What is wrong?
A: The light control range is not displayed in the following cases:
- When the Extension Tube EX-25 (optional) is used
- When the lens is removed
- During bounce photography
- During light intensity adjustment
- When the ISO speed and lens iris (F) are out of the setting range.

Q: Why can’t I mount the electronic flash on the camera?
A: The electronic flash cannot be mounted if the lock pin is in the out position. If this is the case, turn the lock ring all the way in the opposite direction to [+LOCK] until it stops. Once the lock pin is in the in position, you can mount the electronic flash on the camera (see page 18).
Q When the Olympus E-1 digital camera enters the sleep mode, the FL-36 control panel displays turn off. Is this normal?
A Yes, it is normal. When the E-1 enters the sleep mode, the FL-36 does as well. When the camera wakes up, so does the FL-36.

Q Does the FL-36 also turn off when the Olympus E-1 digital camera is turned off?
A When the E-1 is turned off, the FL-36 enters the sleep mode. When the E-1 is turned on again, the FL-36 also turns on. When you want to turn off the FL-36, turn off the FL-36 before turning off the E-1. In addition, when connected to a camera without communication capability, the FL-36 enters the sleep mode if it is not operated for about 15 minutes.

MAIN SPECIFICATIONS

- Model Number: FS-FL36
- Type: External electronic flash for digital still camera
- Guide number: Automatic switching
  - 36: When in 42 mm (85 mm with 135 type)
  - 20: When in 12 mm (24 mm with 135 type)
  - 8/10 switching: When the wide panel is used.
- Firing angle: Automatic switching.
  - At 12 mm: Up-down 61°, left-right 78° (equivalent to image angle of 12 mm lens)*
  - At 42 mm: Up-down 21°, left-right 28° (equivalent to image angle of 42 mm lens)*
  - When the wide panel is used for 8 mm: Up-down 83°, left-right 101° (equivalent to image angle of 8 mm lens)*
- Flash emission period: Approx. 1/20000 to 1/500 sec. (Variable according to the light intensity, except in FP emission.)
- Flash emission count: Approx. 150 times (using the LR6-type AA (R6) alkaline dry cell batteries)
  - Approx. 320 times (using the LB-01 type lithium battery packs)
  - (Variable depending on shooting conditions)
- Recharge time: Approx. 7.5 seconds (using the AA (R6) alkaline manganese batteries)
  - Approx. 6.5 seconds (using the LB-01 type lithium battery packs)
- Flash modes: TTL, AUTO, MANUAL, FP TTL, AUTO, FP MANUAL
- Bounce angles: Up 0 to 90°, down 7°, right 0 to 90°, left 0 to 180°
- Auto power OFF: Interlocks with the auto power OFF operation of a camera with communication capability.

* ZOOM values are the FOUR THIRDS camera values.
AF illuminator: Automatic firing at low intensity, possible only when a camera with communication capability is connected.

Power supply: AA (R6) alkaline dry cell batteries (LR6) x 2, AA (R6) Ni-Cd batteries x 2, AA (R6) Ni-Mh batteries x 2, AA (R6) Ni-Mh batteries (ZRB6) x 2, AA (R6) oxyride batteries (ZPBH type) x 2, AA (R6) lithium batteries (FR6) x 2 or 3 V lithium battery pack (Olympus LB-01) x 1

Dimensions: 67(W) x 108(H) x 95(D) mm (2.6 x 4.3 x 3.7 in) (excluding protrusions)

Weight: 210 g (7.4 oz) (excluding batteries)

Operating environment: Temperature: 0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F)
Humidity: No more than 80% (without condensation)

Specifications are subject to change without any notice or obligation on the part of the manufacturer.